

一、文法測驗：(每個答案 3 分，共 120 分)

1. ( ) A : Who is that tall girl?  
B : \_\_\_\_\_ Mr. and Mrs. Smith's daughter. \_\_\_\_\_ name is Helen.  
(A) She's; Her (B) Her; She's  
(C) She; She's (D) Her; She
2. ( ) I \_\_\_\_\_ a cook (廚師), and Peter \_\_\_\_\_ a teacher.  
(A) is; is (B) am; is (C) are; is (D) am; are
3. ( ) Please \_\_\_\_\_ kind to the dogs. Don't kick (踢) \_\_\_\_\_ shout at \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) be; and; they (B) be; or; them  
(C) ×; and; them (D) ×; or; they
4. ( ) A : I'm hungry.  
B : Me too. It's time \_\_\_\_\_ lunch.  
A : Great. Let's \_\_\_\_\_ some hot dogs.  
(A) for; eat (B) to; having  
(C) for; eating (D) from; have
5. ( ) A : Is that \_\_\_\_\_ cup yellow?  
B : No, it's \_\_\_\_\_ orange cup.  
(A) a; × (B) a; an (C) ×; an (D) ×; a
6. ( ) Mom : Bella, where's your dad?  
Bella : Isn't he in the living room (客廳) ?  
Mom : \_\_\_\_\_  
(A) Yes, he's. (B) Yes, he isn't.  
(C) No, he isn't. (D) No, he is.
7. ( ) There \_\_\_\_\_ a beautiful castle near here.  
(A) being (B) is (C) are (D) be
8. ( ) A : Aren't there two balls on the table?  
B : No, \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) there are not (B) they are not  
(C) there is (D) there are
9. ( ) A : What time is \_\_\_\_\_ ?  
B : It's \_\_\_\_\_ 7 o'clock.  
(A) this; × (B) the meeting; on  
(C) it; × (D) your watch; at
10. ( ) Good morning, Sam. \_\_\_\_\_ have a seat.  
What's for your breakfast (早餐) today?  
(A) Please (B) Let (C) Be (D) Not
11. ( ) A : Are \_\_\_\_\_ your books?  
B : Yes, \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) those; they're  
(B) those; they are books  
(C) these; they're not books  
(D) these; they're my books
12. ( ) A : \_\_\_\_\_ there \_\_\_\_\_ sheep near the pond?  
B : Yes, there are two.  
(A) Are; any (B) Is; four  
(C) Are; twenty (D) Are; not
13. ( ) My brothers usually (經常) dance in the afternoon. It's 4 p.m. Maybe (也許) \_\_\_\_\_ dancing now.  
(A) she's (B) he's (C) it's (D) they're
14. ( ) That boy is Bob. And robots are \_\_\_\_\_ favorite (最喜愛的) toys.  
(A) she (B) her (C) he (D) his
15. ( ) Winnie, \_\_\_\_\_ to the gym first (先). Don't wait for \_\_\_\_\_. We still (仍然) need a minute.  
(A) let's go; we (B) let's go; us  
(C) please go; us (D) please go; we
16. ( ) A : Who is Mike?  
B : \_\_\_\_\_ is a new student in Miss Lin's class.  
A : Wow. Anna is a new student in \_\_\_\_\_ class, too.  
(A) He; his (B) He; her  
(C) His; my (D) His; she
17. ( ) There are \_\_\_\_\_ people walking around the lake.  
(A) a (B) any (C) one (D) some
18. ( ) A : \_\_\_\_\_ it your pencil?  
B : Yes, it \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) Is; is (B) Isn't; isn't  
(C) Are; aren't (D) Are; are
19. ( ) A : \_\_\_\_\_ is Amanda?  
B : Isn't she in the kitchen?  
A : No. She's not there.  
(A) What (B) How old (C) Where (D) Who
20. ( ) Take out your textbooks \_\_\_\_\_ read the first line on page 50 out loud together.  
(A) but (B) and (C) you (D) , or
21. ( ) The secret (秘密) is \_\_\_\_\_ you and me. Please don't tell anyone about it.  
(A) behind (B) between (C) under (D) in front of
22. ( ) \_\_\_\_\_ is her brother, Daniel.  
(A) I (B) He (C) You (D) She
23. ( ) My dog, Cody, \_\_\_\_\_ fifteen years old. \_\_\_\_\_ old.  
(A) is; It's (B) am; He's (C) is; Its (D) are; His
24. ( ) My father \_\_\_\_\_ short. He's tall.  
(A) not (B) isn't (C) not is (D) is
25. ( ) A : \_\_\_\_\_ beautiful women?  
B : Yes. They are models (模特兒).  
(A) Your aunts are (B) Am I a  
(C) Are your sisters (D) You are a

26. ( ) Little Jenny was not sure if the strange old man was still following her, but she was just \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) too angry to talk  
(B) too difficult to be with  
(C) too tired to follow  
(D) too scared to look back
27. ( ) A : \_\_\_\_\_ that man a cook?  
B : Yes.  
(A) Are (B) Am (C) Is (D) Be
28. ( ) A : Isn't Bob sad?  
B : No, he \_\_\_\_\_ a \_\_\_\_\_ man.  
(A) is; happy (B) isn't; happy  
(C) is; sad (D) isn't; green
29. ( ) Wait \_\_\_\_\_ line and \_\_\_\_\_ run around, students.  
(A) in; not (B) at; not  
(C) in; don't (D) at; not do
30. ( ) Sherry : Are \_\_\_\_\_ any horses here?  
Liz : No. \_\_\_\_\_ in the horse stable (馬廄) .  
(A) there; They're (B) they; They're  
(C) there; There are (D) they; There are
31. ( ) A : \_\_\_\_\_ is he?  
B : He is \_\_\_\_\_ student, Jerry.  
(A) Who; my (B) What; they  
(C) Who; he (D) How old; your
32. ( ) Somewhere along the road, \_\_\_\_\_ a shop which sells things from foreign countries.  
(A) that is  
(B) it is  
(C) it has  
(D) there is
33. ( ) \_\_\_\_\_ are good friends.  
(A) I, you, and she  
(B) You, she, and I  
(C) She, I, and you  
(D) You, I, and she
34. ( ) Gary : Hi. \_\_\_\_\_ Gary. What's \_\_\_\_\_ name?  
Peggy : I'm Peggy.  
(A) I'm; your (B) He's; my  
(C) You're; your (D) She's; my
35. ( ) A : Those red apples on the table \_\_\_\_\_ for you.  
B : Thank you. I like apples.  
(A) is (B) are (C) not (D) ✕
36. ( ) A : \_\_\_\_\_ John \_\_\_\_\_ on the sports field?  
B : Yes, he is.  
(A) What's; doing (B) Is; doing  
(C) What's; running (D) Is; running
37. ( ) \_\_\_\_\_ ! There's a bear in front \_\_\_\_\_ the house.  
(A) Look; of (B) Look; at  
(C) Let look; at (D) Let look; of
38. ( ) \_\_\_\_\_ name is George.
- (A) He (B) Her (C) His (D) The boy
39. ( ) A : This is my brother, Jack. And \_\_\_\_\_ is my sister, Ariel.  
B : Nice to meet you, Jack and Ariel.  
(A) these (B) he (C) that (D) those
40. ( ) The color of my car \_\_\_\_\_ red.  
(A) is (B) are (C) be (D) ✕

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1. 《答案》A  
詳解：主詞為第三人稱單數女性，故第一格應填 She's，第二格填所有格 Her。
2. 《答案》B  
詳解：主詞 I 搭配 be 動詞 am；Peter 為第三人稱單數，搭配 be 動詞 is。
3. 《答案》B  
詳解：祈使句後接形容詞時，要用 be 動詞原形 be；表達「兩動作都不要做」時，要用連接詞 or；the dogs 為第三人稱複數，故受格用 them。
4. 《答案》A  
詳解：「It's time for+名詞」表「.....的時間到了。」；祈使句句型「Let's+原形動詞...」。
5. 《答案》C  
詳解：問句中，that 是指示形容詞，cup 前面不用加冠詞；答句中，orange 為母音開頭，不定冠詞用 an。
6. 《答案》C  
詳解：回答否定疑問句時，跟回答肯定疑問句一樣。
7. 《答案》B  
詳解：castle 是單數，須搭配單數 be 動詞 is。
8. 《答案》A  
詳解：Aren't there 的疑問句，回答時也要用 there are，否定句用 there are not。
9. 《答案》C  
詳解：問現在時間的代名詞用 it，答句不須加介系詞 at。
10. 《答案》A  
詳解：由省略主詞 you 可知是祈使句，且句中已有原形動詞，因此在句首加 please。
11. 《答案》D  
詳解：肯定簡答中，主詞與 be 動詞不可縮寫，肯定詳答應與問句相符並注意主詞轉換。
12. 《答案》A  
詳解：由回答「是的，有兩隻」可知，要用 Are 和 any，其它選項皆不合句意。
13. 《答案》D  
詳解：主詞 My brothers 為第三人稱複數，代名詞用 they，be 動詞用 are，縮寫為 they're。
14. 《答案》D  
詳解：由前句可知 Bob 是男孩，所有格用 his。

15. 《答案》C  
詳解：由句意可知，說者是要 Winnie 先去體育館，故用 please go；而「我們」的受格形式為 us。
16. 《答案》B  
詳解：Mike 為男子名，且在這為主詞，故用代名詞 he；名詞前可搭配所有格，又由句尾的 too 可知應用 her。
17. 《答案》D  
詳解：由 be 動詞 are 可知，主詞是複數名詞，且本句是肯定句，不可用 any。
18. 《答案》A  
詳解：由代名詞 it 可知，問句須用單數 be 動詞 is，且答句為肯定句，故第二格也用 is。
19. 《答案》C  
詳解：從 B 反問「她不在廚房嗎？」，可推知 A 是問 Amanda「在哪裡」，疑問詞用 Where。
20. 《答案》B  
詳解：祈使句省略主詞 you，用 and 連接兩個原形動詞。
21. 《答案》B  
詳解：between 表「在……之間」。
22. 《答案》B  
詳解：be 動詞為單數的第三人稱 is，且為男性，主詞用 He。
23. 《答案》A  
詳解：主詞 Cody 為第三人稱單數，be 動詞用 is；後句的主詞可用 It 或 He 代替，接 be 動詞 is。
24. 《答案》B  
詳解：由第二句的 tall 可知我爸爸「不」矮，故空格用 is not 的縮寫 isn't。
25. 《答案》C  
詳解：造問句時須將 be 動詞移至句首，且由 women 可知主詞為複數。
26. 《答案》D  
詳解：四個選項分別為 (A)「生氣到無法說話」、(B)「難相處到無法與之為伍」、(C)「累到無法跟著」、(D)「害怕到無法回頭看」。依文意，Jenny 即使不確定那老人是否仍繼續跟著她，她就是害怕到無法回頭看，故選 (D)。
27. 《答案》C  
詳解：that man 指 a cook，為第三人稱單數，be 動詞用 is。
28. 《答案》A  
詳解：若回答 Yes，即「Bob 是傷心的人」，若回答 No，

即「Bob 是快樂的人」。

29. 《答案》C

詳解：「排隊等候」為 **wait in line**；否定祈使句的句型為「**Don't+原形動詞...**」。

30. 《答案》A

詳解：**Are there...** 為固定用法，表「有沒有……？」主詞仍用 **there**，第二句主詞則用 **They** 代替已提及的 **horses**。

31. 《答案》A

詳解：由回答人名 **Jerry** 可知是問「誰」，疑問詞用 **Who**；空格後面接名詞，可知須用所有格。

32. 《答案》D

詳解：本句將地方副詞放句首引導表示強調，原句為 **There is a shop somewhere along the road.**，故選 (D)。另三個選項的指示代名詞 **that** 與代名詞 **it** 若放於句中，所指不明，故不選。

33. 《答案》B

詳解：單數代名詞的排列順序為「你→他（她）→我」。

34. 《答案》A

詳解：跟對方打完招呼後，先自我介紹「我是」**Gary**，再詢問對方「你的」名字，用 **your**。

35. 《答案》B

詳解：主詞 **those red apples** 為複數，**be** 動詞用 **are**。

36. 《答案》D

詳解：由答句「是的，他是」可知，是 **Yes/No** 問句，而 **A** 是問 **John** 是否在運動場「跑步」，動詞用 **running**。

37. 《答案》A

詳解：第一句是祈使句，須使用原形動詞；表「在……前面」用 **in front of**。

38. 《答案》C

詳解：由人名 **George** 可知為男性，故所有格用 **His**。選項 (D) 改為 **The boy's**。

39. 《答案》C

詳解：介紹某人時，可用 **this / that is...**；若介紹的人或事物為複數，則用 **these / those are...**。

40. 《答案》A

詳解：**color** 是單數名詞，**be** 動詞用 **is**。