

壹、字彙測驗-：(每題 0 分。共 0.0 分)：

1. ( ) We went to the beach and made a \_\_\_\_\_ to have a barbecue (烤肉) there.  
(A) queen (B) leaf (C) moon (D) fire

《答案》D

詳解：我們去海邊並且在那邊生「火」烤肉。

2. ( ) The green \_\_\_\_\_ on the trees begin to turn orange in October.  
(A) socks (B) moons (C) strings (D) leaves

《答案》D

詳解：樹上的綠「葉」在十月開始轉成橘色。

3. ( ) Mr. and Mrs. Smith work in different countries, so they often write to each \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) other (B) alone (C) abroad (D) another

《答案》A

詳解：Smith 夫婦在不同國家工作，所以他們常寫信給「彼此」；one another 也表「彼此」之意，故本題僅可選 each other。

4. ( ) Robert was very \_\_\_\_\_ because he lost his job and had trouble (困難) finding a new one.  
(A) unsafe (B) dangerous (C) leading (D) unhappy

《答案》D

詳解：Robert 非常「不開心」，因為他失去工作，而且求職時遇到困難。

5. ( ) I can't \_\_\_\_\_ you clearly because the music is too loud. Please turn off the radio.  
(A) cut (B) hear (C) cover (D) hit

《答案》B

詳解：我無法清楚地「聽見」你的聲音，因為音樂太大聲了。請關掉收音機。

6. ( ) Amy: Mom, how can I help you?  
Mom: Please wash the vegetables and \_\_\_\_\_ them into thin strips (長條).  
(A) cut (B) hide (C) rub (D) hit

《答案》A

詳解：Amy：媽媽，我要怎麼幫你的忙？ 媽媽：

請洗這些蔬菜，然後把它們「切」成細長條狀。

7. ( ) Emma lives near the \_\_\_\_\_, so she can swim there almost every day.  
(A) plate (B) window (C) land (D) sea

《答案》D

詳解：Emma 住在「海」邊，所以她幾乎每天都可以去游泳。

8. ( ) When you have a meal, you need to use \_\_\_\_\_. Don't use your hands.  
(A) plastic (B) metal  
(C) action (D) tableware

《答案》D

詳解：當你用餐時，你要用「餐具」。不要用你的手。

9. ( ) There are a lot of fish and three \_\_\_\_\_ in the pool (水池). Let's feed them.  
(A) gloves (B) points (C) turtles (D) straws

《答案》C

詳解：池子裡有許多魚和三隻「烏龜」。我們來餵牠們。

10. ( ) Rita is eating steak with a knife and \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) fork (B) glove (C) straw (D) point

《答案》A

詳解：Rita 用刀子和「叉子」吃牛排。

11. ( ) We didn't go shopping. We went to a movie \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) perhaps (B) sincerely  
(C) although (D) instead

《答案》D

詳解：我們沒去逛街。我們「改」去看電影。

12. ( ) Brenda always wears make-up (化妝品) to \_\_\_\_\_ the spots (斑點) on her face. But sometimes she puts on so much make-up that she even looks like a different person.  
(A) drop (B) cover (C) touch (D) collect

《答案》B

詳解：Brenda 總是為了「遮蓋」臉上的斑點而化妝。但是有時候她妝化太濃，以致於她看起來像是另一個人。

13. ( ) I'm busy now. I need \_\_\_\_\_ to take the lunchbox to my son in his school.

(A) glove (B) someone (C) jellyfish (D) baby

《答案》B

詳解：我現在很忙。我需要「某人」拿午餐盒給我在學校的兒子。

14. ( ) Parents shouldn't leave their kids \_\_\_\_\_ at home. It's dangerous. Many tragedies (悲劇) happened because of it.  
(A) alone (B) abroad (C) luckily (D) suddenly

《答案》A

詳解：父母不應該把小孩「單獨」留在家裡。那樣很危險。很多悲劇都是因此而發生的。

15. ( ) About ten departments (部門) \_\_\_\_\_ the big company (公司). Because there are too many departments and workers, working there is stressful (有壓力的) to Nelson.  
(A) make up (B) rub against (C) hold onto (D) fall off

《答案》A

詳解：大約十個部門「組成」那間大公司。因為有太多的部門跟員工，在那裡工作對 Nelson 來說很有壓力。

16. ( ) Man: Excuse me, is this Amy Chen's office?  
Woman: I'm sorry, but she \_\_\_\_\_ works here. She left about one month ago.  
(A) still not (B) anymore  
(C) not at all (D) no longer

《答案》D

詳解：男子：不好意思，這是 Amy Chen 的辦公室嗎？女子：很抱歉，但她「不再」於此地工作了。她大約一個月前離職。anymore 必須與 not 連用，才能表「不再」之意，故選 no longer。

17. ( ) Waiter: Would you like me to \_\_\_\_\_ your bag for you?  
Customer: No, thanks. It's not heavy.  
(A) carry (B) break (C) end (D) own

《答案》A

詳解：男服務生：需要我幫你「提」包包嗎？顧客：不用了，謝謝。這個包不重。

18. ( ) This book has been sold to a lot of countries. That is to say, it is popular both at home and \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) ever (B) abroad (C) alone (D) suddenly

《答案》B

詳解：這本書已經被銷售到很多國家。也就是說，

它在國內跟「國外」都很受歡迎。

19. ( ) It's raining outside. \_\_\_\_\_ an umbrella with you.  
(A) Feed (B) Break (C) Correct (D) Carry

《答案》D

詳解：外面正在下雨。「帶」把傘吧。

20. ( ) My mom always puts the \_\_\_\_\_ on when she does the dishes. This way, she can keep her hands away from water.  
(A) gloves (B) jacket (C) watch (D) socks

《答案》A

詳解：我媽媽洗碗時總是戴上「手套」。這樣子手就不會碰到水。

貳、文法測驗-：(每題 0 分。共 0.0 分)：

1. ( ) Look! The sun is shining \_\_\_\_\_.  
What a nice day!  
(A) brightly (B) bright (C) heavily (D) heavy

《答案》A

詳解：修飾動詞要用副詞，表「陽光普照」，副詞要用 brightly。

2. ( ) A: How was your vacation?  
B: It couldn't be \_\_\_\_\_! I spent every day on the beach and went to different parties. It was great.  
(A) the best (B) best  
(C) better (D) good

《答案》C

詳解：it couldn't be better 表「不能再更好了」。

3. ( ) A: Mia, are you OK? You look as \_\_\_\_\_ as a sheet (一張紙).  
B: Don't worry. I am fine.  
(A) the whitest (B) whitely (C) whiter  
(D) white

《答案》D

詳解：由 as... as... 可知為原級比較，而空格前為連綴動詞 look，故應填入形容詞 white 修飾之。而片語 as white as a sheet 意指「(某人的臉色)面無血色的」。

4. ( ) Kelly isn't able to get home at five, and her sisters \_\_\_\_\_, either.  
(A) isn't (B) aren't (C) can (D) can't

《答案》B

詳解：主要子句使用 be 動詞時，附和句也須用 be 動詞。

5. ( ) Alice is a \_\_\_\_\_ singer. She sings \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) good; beautiful (B) well; beautiful  
(C) well; beautifully (D) good; beautifully

《答案》D

詳解：用形容詞修飾名詞 **singer**，而用情態副詞修飾動詞 **sing**。

6. ( ) Peter's classmates \_\_\_\_\_ his outfit (服裝). He felt sad and angry (生氣的).  
(A) laughed at (B) laughed with (C) smiled at (D) smiled with

《答案》A

詳解：**laugh at...** 表「嘲笑……」。

7. ( ) Ben didn't feel \_\_\_\_\_, so he went to the doctor this afternoon.  
(A) well (B) badly (C) nicely (D) best

《答案》A

詳解：**feel** 表「感覺」，為連綴動詞，後方須接形容詞。**well** 當形容詞時，表「健康的」。

8. ( ) Fiona not only had a big dinner \_\_\_\_\_ went shopping with her friends yesterday.  
(A) and (B) but also (C) so (D) also

《答案》B

詳解：**not only... but also...** 表「不只……而且……」。

9. ( ) David: Didn't you hear me \_\_\_\_\_ to you just now?  
Olivia: Sorry. I was listening to music then.  
(A) talking (B) talked (C) to talk (D) was talking

《答案》A

詳解：感官動詞 **hear** 後面接原形動詞或 **V-ing**。

10. ( ) There are hundreds of pro gamers in the game, but only one of \_\_\_\_\_ will be the winner (贏家).  
(A) they (B) them (C) their (D) themselves

《答案》B

詳解：**pro gamers** 為複數名詞，人稱代名詞做介系詞的受格用 **them**。

11. ( ) One of the \_\_\_\_\_ very difficult. No one can answer it.  
(A) questions; is (B) questions; are  
(C) question; is (D) question; are

《答案》A

詳解：前方的數量代名詞為 **one**，應搭配單數 **be** 動詞 **is**。

12. ( ) Though Linda was only twenty, \_\_\_\_\_ she was already a successful (成功的) writer.  
(A) but (B) so (C) and (D) ×

《答案》D

詳解：**Though** 為從屬連接詞，句中不需其他連接詞。

13. ( ) Sara and I had a fight last week, and we \_\_\_\_\_ no longer friends.  
(A) were (B) are (C) will be (D) have

《答案》B

詳解：上週吵架，現在不再是朋友，故用現在式。

14. ( ) A: \_\_\_\_\_ Cathy is a foreigner (外國人), she knows a lot about Taiwan.  
B: That's because her husband is Taiwanese (臺灣人).  
(A) Though (B) If (C) Because (D) When

《答案》A

詳解：前後語氣相反，故使用 **Though** 放句首，表「雖然」。

15. ( ) Speaking English loudly is \_\_\_\_\_ of the best ways to learn English.  
(A) all (B) some (C) both (D) one

《答案》D

詳解：由前方的單數 **be** 動詞 **is** 可知，空格內應填表單數的不定代名詞。

16. ( ) Regina sold her car \_\_\_\_\_ she really loved it.  
(A) though (B) because (C) so (D) if

《答案》A

詳解：前後語氣相反，故使用 **though** 連接前後句，表示「雖然」。

17. ( ) My grandfather is strong and healthy \_\_\_\_\_ he's already ninety years old.  
(A) if (B) though (C) so (D) or

《答案》B

詳解：前後句語氣相反，故用 **though** 連接，表示「雖然」。

18. ( ) Rose: Although Chinese is difficult, \_\_\_\_\_ we still have to learn it well.  
Justin: I know, but \_\_\_\_\_ easy to say but hard to do.  
(A) ×; it's (B) but; it's  
(C) and; you're (D) ×; there's

《答案》A

詳解：**although** 與 **but** 皆為連接詞，只能擇一使用；第二格須用 **it's**，其中 **it** 指「把中文學好」

這件事。

19. (     )Mr. Gates had a lot of money. He put \_\_\_\_\_ in the bank.  
(A) most of them (B) one of them  
(C) most of it (D) few of them

《答案》C

詳解：money 為不可數名詞，代名詞應用 it。

20. (     )Mark has four sisters. \_\_\_\_\_ of them is my classmate.  
(A) All (B) Many (C) Some (D) One

《答案》D

詳解：由後方的 be 動詞 is 可知，此處應填入表單數的不定代名詞。